# G3 Harmonize

# QSIT VALIDATION WORKSHEET

ltem#	Goal/Outcome					
G3	More closely harmonize the inspection technique for conducting Quality					
(Activity 1)	System inspections with that	used in the international community.				
Term <sup>1</sup>	Type of activity (test or analysis)	Parameter(s) to be measured				
Short	Test	Industry responses to a multi-part question on a Customer Satisfaction Survey				
Scope and nature of the process to be	investigators in DEN-DO, LOS-DO and using the QSIT. A total of 12 trained in conduct a target minimum of 4 QSIT in					
followed. <sup>2</sup>	The most responsible person at each of the inspected firms who was directly involved in the inspection will be mailed an OMB approved Customer Satisfaction Survey. They will be invited to voluntarily provide their views on the QSIT by completing and returning the survey form.					
	The survey form will contain the multi-part question, "We designed QSIT to be closer to the Global Harmonization Guideline for Auditing Quality Systems. Did you find the QSIT approach similar to that used by auditing organizations utilized by your firm (i.e. Notified Bodies, third party assessors, internal auditing groups etc.)? Yes [] No [] No opinion or experience with this subject [] If yes, was this useful to your firm? Yes [] No [] Explain and provide examples of the similarities and usefulness."					
	Responses will be tabulated and analyzed.					
	Overall responsibility for this activity: G. Layloff (HFR-SW450) and T. Wells (HFZ-332)					
Acceptance criteria (if	The majority of survey responses affir organizations. Also, the majority of su	m that the QSIT approach is similar to that used by other auditing rvey responses affirm that having a similar approach is useful to firms				
Extent to which the activity measures/confirms how well the goal/outcome has been met. <sup>3</sup> (strengths and weaknesses of this validation activity)  Reason(s) why the activity represents one of the best approaches to measuring the accomplishment of the goal/outcome.		This activity provides a direct and objective measurement on whether the QSIT approach is similar to that used by other auditing organizations. It does no directly compare QSIT to the current FDA auditing technique.				
		This pre-deployment activity allows firms (stakeholders) to provide input into the assessment of this goal.				

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<sup>1</sup> Short term = pre-deployment event, long-term = post-deployment event

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Describe who, what, where, when, and how. Include an identification of baseline data that may be useful for comparing QSIT performance to the existing approach.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Include a discussion of any limitations in the ability of the activity to objectively measure the goal/outcome.

## QSIT VALIDATION ACTIVITY REPORT

Item#%	Goal/Outcome							
G3	Increase the focus of the approx	ach to conducting Quality System inspection	ns					
	on the key elements of the maio	or subsystems of the Quality System with						
1	linkages to the remaining subsy							
	Illikages to the remaining subsy	Stems.						
Activity #	Eype of activity (test or analysis) Pa	rameter(\$100 be measured						
1		lustry responses to a multi-part question on a Custo	me					
	l de la companya de	disfaction Survey						
Acceptance		irm that the QSIT approach is similar to that used b						
Criteria		ne majority of survey responses affirm that having a	3					
		similar approach is useful to firms.						
Summary of	The QSIT Study was initiated on 10.	1/98. It had a target completion date of 12/31/98. T	his					
Results	date was extended to 2/19/99 in orde	r to allow for the completion of at least 40 total QS	311					
	inspections. During the Study period	, 12 QSIT trained investigators, 4 each in DEN-DC	),					
	LOS-DO and MIN-DO, conducted r	nedical device Quality System inspections using the	e					
	QSIT. A total of 42 inspections were	e conducted during the Study.						
	Subsequent to the conclusion of the	inspection, the most responsible person at each of t	he					
	42 inspected firms who was directly	involved in the inspection was mailed an OMB						
	approved Customer Satisfaction Sur	vey. They were invited to voluntarily provide their						
	views on the QSIT by completing ar	nd returning the survey form.						
		"" LOCKE L	. •					
	The survey form contained the mult	-part question: "We designed QSIT to be closer to	the					
	Global Harmonization Guideline for	Auditing Quality Systems. Did you find the QSIT						
	approach similar to that used by aud	iting organizations utilized by your firm (i.e. Notifi	ea					
	Bodies, third party assessors, interna	al auditing groups etc.)? Yes [] No [] No opinion	or ·					
	experience with this subject [] If ye	es, was this useful to your firm? Yes [] No [] Explanation	aın					
	and provide examples of the similar	ities and usefulness."						
		ses were received. A tabulation of individual respor	1ses					
	is attached.							
		firms found the QSIT approach similar to that used	by					
		(4 of the 19 responding firms had no opinion or						
		id not provide a specific answer. None of the firms						
	stated the QSIT approach was not s	imilar).						
	A total of 12 of those 14 firms state	d the similar approach was useful. (2 did not provide	le c					
		tated the similar approach was not useful.)						
		the acceptance criteria for this activity.						
Additional								
Comments								
Activity Cha	mpion(s) Georgia Layloff (HF)	R-SW450) and Timothy Wells (HFZ-332)						

#### Item # G3 (Activity 1)

QUALITY SYSTEM INSPECTION TECHNIQUE (QSIT) CUSTOMER SATISFACTION

SURVEY question:

Part 1 We designed QSIT to be closer to the Global Harmonization Guideline for Auditing Quality Systems. Did you find the QSIT approach similar to that used by auditing organizations utilized by your firm (i.e. Notified Bodies, third party assessors, internal auditing groups etc.)? Yes [] No [] No Opinion or Experience with this subject []

Part 2 If yes, was this useful to your firm? Yes [] No []

Part 3 Explain and provide examples of the similarities and usefulness.

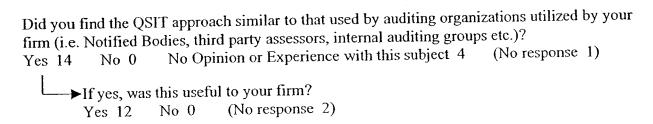
### TABULATION of RESPONSES

and asking for trivial changes to the QA manual & other documents.  7 X X Consistency in auditing style and approach.  8 X We are a ISO 9001 company and our quality manual adapts very well with the QSIT.  9 X Very similar to approach taken by third party assessors and our customers. This facilitates the audit process.  10 X The 4 areas targeted by QSIT closely parallel areas Notified		144 T. T. P. 172					
1 X X X Our Quality System is structured per the 20 sections of ISO 9001. We are not ISO 9001 certified as yet, but auditors that we have used performed audits very similar to the QSIT format – consistency.  2 X X Reduces confusion in establishing & maintaining the quality system  3 X X We are ISO 9001 certified. Allows us to standardize our approach to all processes and achieve full compliance for both ISO and the QSIT.  4 X I found the QSIT to be very similar to NB approach (e.g., Management Controls). Because of this similarity, it seems like the FDA could have used results from a NB to satisfy regular facility inspections.  5 X I preferred the FDA's approach to that taken by our ISO registrar. FDA was more process-oriented. Our ISO registrar spends a lot of time searching for minor mistakes in paperwork and asking for trivial changes to the QA manual & other documents.  7 X X X Consistency in auditing style and approach.  We are a ISO 9001 company and our quality manual adapts very well with the QSIT.  Yery similar to approach taken by third party assessors and our customers. This facilitates the audit process.  10 X The 4 areas targeted by QSIT closely parallel areas Notified Bodies target. Doc. is set up to easily highlight these areas and facilitates ease of communication.  Y FDA spend time learning how systems work (not necessarily verifying the integrity of systems (or how they work) – Approach by FDA was similar to TUV.  Our external auditor that conducts an annual audit, used the	ANKERA Trans	N.	N	Ŧ	V	N	Commen
System	1	2 (O) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C) (C			424		9001. We are not ISO 9001 certified as yet, but auditors that we have used performed audits very similar to the QSIT format – consistency.
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Management Controls). Because of this similarity, it seems like the FDA could have used results from a NB to satisfy regular facility inspections.    S	3	X			X		approach to all processes and achieve full compliance for both ISO and the OSR.
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The 4 areas targeted by QSIT closely parallel areas Notified Bodies target. Doc. is set up to easily highlight these areas and facilitates ease of communication.  X  FDA spend time learning how systems work (not necessarily verifying the integrity of systems (or how they work) – Approach by FDA was similar to TUV.  Our external auditor that conducts an annual audit, used the	9	X			X		Very similar to approach taken by third party assessors and our
Bodies target. Doc. is set up to easily highlight these areas and facilitates ease of communication.    12	10			X			
X FDA spend time learning how systems work (not necessarily verifying the integrity of systems (or how they work) – Approach by FDA was similar to TUV.  Y Our external auditor that conducts an annual audit, used the	11	X			X		Bodies target. Doc. is set up to easily highlight these areas and
verifying the integrity of systems (or how they work) – Approach by FDA was similar to TUV.  Y Our external auditor that conducts an annual audit, used the	12			X			
14 X Our external auditor that conducts an annual audit, used the QSIT approach. This helped us prepare for the FDA Audit	13	X			X		verifying the integrity of systems (or how they work) – Approach by FDA was similar to TUV.
format.	14	X			X		QSIT approach. This helped us prepare for the FDA Audit
15 X	15			X		1	

PARIS Form	Y Y	Light Control	6#2 Y.	Comm	
16	X		X	Where the areas of the inspection results or perceived level of comporganizations audit to a level of d procedures are in place. The FDA to a procedure.	bliance was different. Other letermining whether appears to audit compliance
17	X		X	Starting with Management review with an overview of systems – bo familiar auditing process.	oth provided our staff with a
18	X		X	It makes it much easier to explain auditors/inspectors when there is	a common focus.
19	X		X	The top down approach was similar approach to auditing. The main of FDA inspection and our Notified amount of time out on the manufloody spends more time looking a FDA inspector we had looked for the various systems, both valid a different.	lifference between our last I body assessment is the facturing floor. Out notified at how systems work and the or documentation supporting

\*No Opinion or Experience with this subject

## TOTALS



## **QSIT VALIDATION WORKSHEET**

Item #	Goal/Outcome					
G3	More closely harmonize the inspection technique for conducting Quality					
(Activity 2)	System inspections with that used in the international community.					
Term'	Type of activity (test or analysis)	Parameter(s) to be measured				
Short	Comparison Analysis	QSIT compared to ISO Audits				
Scope and nature of the process to be followed. <sup>2</sup>	Study will require co-operation of 3 - 4 notified bodies and at least 2 Competent Authorities. They will be asked to review QSIT format and give an analysis of how it compares with ISO audits. Use contacts from GHTF/SG-4 to approach notified bodies and competent authorities. Suggested notified bodies: TUV, BSI, Australia, Underwriters Laboratory (USA or UK); Suggested Competent Authorities: Medical Devices Agency (great Britain) and National Standards Authority of Ireland.  A comparison worksheet document will be developed for use from the QSIT flowcharts.					
	Proposed timeline for activities:					
	Contact to solicit participants: By 2/16/99  Proposed initiation date: 3/5/99 (Ship QSIT materials and worksheets to participants)					
	Proposed worksheet return dates: 4/23/	99				
	Proposed completion date: 6/4/99					
	Responsibility for activity: Karen Cole Handbook, Federal Express Acct. Info:	man (HFR-SE150); CDRH/Tim Wells provide copies of QSIT Chris Nelson and Georgia Layloff review and guidance;				
Acceptance						
criteria (if						
known)	At the fact of the control of the co	I Grant Library Control of the Contr				
	h the activity measures/confirms oal/outcome has been met. <sup>3</sup>	Strengths: Identify similar areas that are harmonized Weakness: Differences may surface that cannot be				
	l weaknesses of this validation	harmonized and must be covered separately for FDA to				
activity)	i weaklesses of this validation	meet their obligation under the law.				
<u></u>						
1940 - 1940 1940 - 1940 - 1940 - 1940 - 1940 - 1940 - 1940 - 1940 - 1940 - 1940 - 1940 - 1940 - 1940 - 1940 - 1940 - 1940	. And the second of the second					
	the activity represents one of the	Technique allows analysis of inspectional techniques				
	nes to measuring the nt of the goal/outcome.	with minimum expenditure of time and money.				
	en e					

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<sup>1</sup> Short term = pre-deployment event, long-term = post-deployment event

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Describe who, what, where, when, and how. Include an identification of baseline data that may be useful for comparing QSIT performance to the existing approach.

<sup>3</sup> Include a discussion of any limitations in the ability of the activity to objectively measure the goal/outcome

# **QSIT Validation Activity Report**

Item G3 Activity 2

This Activity was not completed.

## MANAGEMENT CONTROL WORKSHEET

1.	YES procedures, documented		Does the au an and quali	ditor confirm ty system proc	that a quality edures, and	policy, manage instructions have	ment review, quality audit e been defined and
	1.1 Where below:	are the re	views conduction's office;	cted? [select or (2) At firm d	ne of the foll uring the aud	owing and write lit; (3) Both plac	in the comment section es
			Prior to Au-	dit heck all that a	During the pply)	Audit	Comments:
Qu	ality Policy						
Ma	nagement Ro	eview					
Qu	ality Plan						
Qu	ality System	Procedur	es				
2.	YES	ИО	Does the au	uditor confirm	a quality po	licy has been im	plemented?
	2.1 How w					Interview/s with	
	Procedure re	views & i					
3.	YES confirm the	NO at it includ	Does the ardes provision	uditor review to s for responsib	the firm's es pilities, author	tablished organi orities, and nece	zational structure to ssary resources?
4.	YES	NO	Does the a	uditor confirm	that a mana	gement represer	ntative has been appointed.
	4.1 Descri	ibe how th	e auditor eva	aluates the pur	view (author	rity) of the mana	agement representative?
					÷		
5.	YES suitability	NO and effect	Does the a	uditor confirm e quality syste	that manag m are being	ement reviews i conducted?	nclude a review of the
	5.1 How	was this c	onfirmed?	Review of pr	rocedures	Interview/s wi	th employees
	Procedure re	eviews &	Interviews;	Other			
6.		NO f the quali		auditor confirm being conduc		y audits, includir	ng reaudits of deficient
	6.1 How	was this c	onfirmed?	Review of p	rocedures	Interview/s w	ith employees
	Procedure r	eviews &	Interviews;	Other			

#### **DESIGN CONTROL WORKSHEET**

Would an auditor routinely select a single design project for review? NO 1. YES 1.1 If "NO" explain what your organization would do and why. For the design project selected, does the auditor determine whether the auditee 2. YES NO has design control procedures (addressing the requirements of ISO 9001 section 4.4) that have been defined and documented? Does the auditor assure design & development planning activities include NO YES-3. assigned responsibilities and interfaces. Does the auditor evaluate the firm's conduct of risk analysis while proceeding NO YES 4. through the assessment of the firm's Design Control system. If "NO" explain how your organization would evaluate risk analysis and why. 4.1 Does the auditor confirm that design inputs were established? NO 5. YES Does the auditor assure that design outputs that are essential for the proper NO 6. YES functioning of the device are identified? Does the auditor confirm that acceptance criteria are established prior to the NO 7. YES performance of verification and validation activities? Does the auditor review design verification activities to confirm that design YES NO outputs meet the design input requirements? Does the auditor have to confirm that design validation data shows the МО YES 9. approved design met the predetermined user needs and intended uses? If "YES" describe how this confirmation is made. 9.1 Does the review of the completed design validation assure the firm did not leave NO YES 10. any unresolved discrepancies. If the device contains software, does the auditor confirm that the software was NO 11. YES validated? Determine if design validation was accomplished using initial production NO 12. YES devices or their equivalents? Does the auditor confirm that changes were controlled including validation or NO 13. YES

where appropriate verified?

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# Corrective and Preventive Actions Worksheet (CAPA)

1.	section 4.14 have been de	efined and documented?	or the requirements of 150 7001
j	Review of procedures	Interview/s with employees	Procedure reviews & Interviews
(	Other		
2.	How does an auditor deteidentified?	ermine if appropriate sources of produ	ct and quality problems have beer
]	Review of procedures	Interview/s with employee's	Procedure reviews & Interviews
(	Other		_
3.		he auditor confirm that data from these lity problems that may require correct	
4.	identified does the audito	ces of product and quality information or confirm that data from these source lems that may require preventive action	s are analyzed to identify potential
	4.1 How does the audito	or confirm that both corrective and pre	ventative actions were performed?
5.	YES NO Does t	he auditor challenge the quality data in	nformation system?
	5.1 Explain "how" the	challenge was performed?	
6.	YES NO Does t complete, accurate, and	he auditor determine that the data rece timely?	eived by the CAPA system are
	6.1 How was the determ	nination performed?	
7.	How does the auditor co to detect recurring qualit appropriate statistical me	nfirm that appropriate statistical meth ty problems? [Other than check that the ethods will be used]	ods are employed (where necessary here is a written procedure stating
8.	data sources to identify	he auditor determine if results of anal and develop the extent of product and	
	If "No" why is this not	done?	
9.	How does the auditor de	etermine if failure investigation proced	lures are followed?
	Review of procedures	Interview/s with employee's	Procedure reviews & Interviews
	Other		

10.	How does an auditor determine if the degree to which a quality problem or non-conforming product is investigated is commensurate with the significance and risk of the non-conformity?
11.	YES NO Does the auditor confirm that failure investigations were conducted to determine root cause (where possible)?
12.	YES NO Does the auditor confirm that there is a control mechanism for preventing distribution of non-conforming product?
13.	YES NO Does the auditor determine if appropriate actions have been taken for significant product and quality problems identified from data sources?
	13.1 How is this determination made?
14	YES NO Does the auditor determine if corrective and preventive actions were effective and verified or validated prior to implementation?
15.	YES NO Does the auditor confirm that the firms' corrective and preventive actions did not adversely affect the finished device?
16.	YES NO Does the auditor determine that corrective and preventive actions for product and quality problems were implemented and documented?
	16.1 How is this verified? Review of procedure Interview/s with employees
	Procedure reviews & Interviews; Other
17.	YES NO Does the auditor determine if information regarding nonconforming product and quality problems and corrective and preventive actions has been properly disseminated, including dissemination for management review?
emp	17.1 How is this determined? Review of procedures Interview/s with ployees
P	rocedure reviews & Interviews: Other

#### **Production and Process Controls Worksheet**

1. QSIT instructs an inves	tigator/auditor	to evaluate	production	and	process	controls	using the
items in a list below.							

Select a process for review based on: [ If your auditor uses this item place a check mark ( $\sqrt{}$ ) in the block to the right]

а.	CAPA	indicators	of	process	problems:
a.	CMIM	mujcators	UI	process	problems,

- b. Use of the process for manufacturing higher risk devices;
- c. Degree of risk of the process to cause device failures;
- d. The firm's lack of familiarity and experience with the process;
- e. Use of the process in manufacturing multiple devices;
- f. Variety in process technologies and product types;
- g. Processes not covered during previous inspections;
- h. Any other appropriate criterion as dictated by the assignment;
- 2. YES NO Does your system provide guidance on how to select a process for review?
- 3. YES NO Is the guidance similar to the QSIT guidance?
  - 3.1 If "NO" explain in written text how an auditor makes this type of decision and what would be significant to your organization for guidance on covering this system?
- 4. YES . NO Does the auditor review the specific procedure(s) for the manufacturing process selected and the methods for controlling and monitoring the process?
  - 4.1 How does the auditor confirm that the process is controlled and monitored?

Data review	Interview/s with employee's	Data reviews & Interviews
Other		

Note: Control and monitoring procedures may include in-process and/or finished device acceptance activities as well as environmental and contamination control measures.

5. YES NO If during the auditor's review of the Device History Records (including process control and monitoring records, etc.) they find the process is outside the firm's tolerance for operating parameters and/or rejects or that product nonconformances exist would they evaluate it?

Would	d the evalua	ation incl	ude any of the following?
5.1.	YES	NO	Determining whether any nonconformances were handled appropriately?
5.2. adequ	YES ately valida	NO ated?	Evaluating the validation study in full to determine whether the process has been
5.3. confir	YES m that the	NO process v	If the results of the process reviewed can not be fully verified, would the auditorwas validated by reviewing the validation study?
5.4. was v	YES alidated?	NO	If the process is software controlled, will the auditor confirm that the software
5.5.	YES	NO	Does the auditor routinely review and evaluate the software validation study?
5.6	Other		
6.	YES	NO	Does the auditor confirm that personnel have been appropriately qualified to

<sup>6.</sup> YES NO Does the auditor confirm that personnel have been appropriately qualified to implement validated processes or appropriately trained to implement processes which yield results that can be fully verified?

#### **Sterilization Process Controls Worksheet**

I.	YES NO Does the auditor confirm that the sterilization process was validated by reviewing the validation study. If "NO" explain why this is not done.
2.	YES NO Does the auditor review the specific procedure(s) for the sterilization process selected and the methods for controlling and monitoring the process
	2.1 How does the auditor confirm that the process is controlled and monitored?
	[check all that apply] Review of procedures Interview/s with employees
	Review of processing records Other
3.	If review of the records (including process control and monitoring records, acceptance activity records, etc.) reveals that the sterilization process is outside the firm's tolerance for operating or performance parameters:
	3.1 YES NO Does the auditor determine whether the nonconformances were handled appropriately?; and
	3.2 YES NO Does the auditor review the equipment adjustment, calibration, and maintenance?
4.	YES NO If the sterilization process is software controlled does the auditor confirm that the software was validated?
5.	YES NO Does the auditor confirm that personnel have been appropriately qualified and trained to implement the sterilization process?
	5.1 How was this confirmed? [Check all that apply] Review of procedures
	Interview/s with employees Training record reviews
	Other